Guide to Operation





Satellite XT 4-20 mA Versions

Satellite XT 9602-0200 4-20 mA Satellite XT 9602-0205 4-20 mA/R Satellite XT 9602-0250 4-20 mA/C Satellite XT 9602-0255 4-20 mA/C/R Including Options: Extractive Module XT Pyrolyzer Module XT

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This section provides basic understanding of the instrument and its operation.

1.1 Principle of Operation

The Satellite XT is a gas monitoring instrument especially designed for continuous surveillance of hazardous gas concentrations. The instrument is designed to interface with standard (0) 4 \dots 20 mA alarm or control systems.

Target gas and measuring range depend on the type of sensor chosen. The sensor comes with the specific data in its internal data memory. When a new sensor is inserted, these data are loaded into the instrument's internal memory.

Satellite XT versions 4-20 mA and 4-20 mA/R use electrochemical sensors for the surveillance of toxic and corrosive gases at TLV levels (TLV = Threshhold Limit Value). The sensor output signal is amplified electronically, digitised and the resulting concentration value is transmitted to the communication network.

Satellite XT versions 4-20 mA/C and 4-20 mA/C/R are used for monitoring combustible gases and vapours. These instrument versions use catalytic sensors and are factory calibrated for methane in air mixtures with concentrations up to 5 %-vol. (100 % LEL Lower Explosion Limit). The sensor output signal is amplified electronically, digitised and the resulting concentration value is transmitted to the communication network. To allow the surveillance of a variety of other combustible gases, a correction factor called "K-factor" can be entered.

Satellite XT versions 4-20 mA/R and 4-20 mA/C/R include the relay option and provide 3 single-pole double-throw relays for activation of external alarm devices. When the actual gas concentration exceeds the alarm levels, the instrument will activate the appropriate alarm relay and display an according message. A relay will also be activated in case of an instrument fault.

1.2 Operating States

There are four different operating states for the Satellite XT, Monitoring Mode, Maintenance Mode, Warning Condition, and Diagnostics. Depending on the selected operating state, the green status LED is either on, off, or flashing.

1.2.1 Monitoring Mode

The Monitoring Mode is the instrument's standard operating mode.

The green LED located above the <set> key is on.

In the Monitoring Mode, the instrument continuously monitors for hazardous gas concentrations and checks for alarm levels and instrument faults.

The instrument's self-diagnostics provide on-line preventive maintenance information identifying electronics or sensor problems. For example a sensor selftest is performed every 24†hours. The sensor selftest is not available with instruments using oxygen sensors or catalytic sensors.

1.2.1.1 Alarm Level Settings

The settings for Alarm Level 1 and Alarm Level 2 are automatically loaded when installing the sensor. Standard settings are 1x and 2x TLV or 20 and 40 % LEL for the target gas. The Alarm Setup function in the Configuration Menu allows the user to change the alarm levels as required.

Whenever the concentration of the target gas exceeds the factory or user programmed alarm levels, the instrument will document this concentration alarm condition on its LCD display.

Instruments with relay option will additionally trigger the associated alarm relays.

1.2.1.2 Reset Alarms Function

Ex factory, Alarm 1 and Alarm 2 are preprogrammed "enabled" and "latching". In the event of a concentration alarm, the alarm indication with latching alarms will continue until the alarm is manually acknowledged by actuating the <set> key. If the password protection is enabled, the password must be entered (see Configuration Menu / Security Function).

Alarm Reset is not possible, if the alarm condition is still present.

1.2.1.3 Exiting the Monitoring Mode

Exiting the Monitoring Mode and entering the Maintenance Mode may be password protected. To prevent the instrument from manipulations by unauthorized personnel, it is recommended to enable this function (see Configuration Menu / Security Function).

- Password enabled:

Actuate the <esc> key to exit the Monitoring Mode and enter the password. The screen to enter the password is shown for one minute. During this period the Monitoring Mode remains active in the background. When the correct password has been entered, the instrument is in the Maintenance Mode, it is not monitoring, and the green LED is off.

- Password disabled:

Actuate the <esc> key to exit the Monitoring Mode. The instrument is now in the Maintenance Mode, the instrument is not monitoring, and the green LED is off.

1.2.2 Maintenance Mode

The Maintenance Mode indicates a complete absence of monitoring capability. The green status LED is off. A maintenance output signal is transmitted to external control systems. This maintenance output signal can be configurated either steady, i.e. 2.4 mA, or alternating, i.e.2.4 to 4.0 mA, 1 Hz.

Depending on the configuration, instruments with relay option will additionally activate the fault relay.

1.2.3 Warning Condition

A warning condition indicates that the Satellite XT requires some attention, but the instrument is still able to monitor and operate as programmed.

The following will occur when the Satellite XT detects a warning condition:

- the green status LED is flashing

- an alternating signal (2.8 to 4.0 mA, 0.1 Hz) is sent to external control systems; depending on the configuration, this function can be enabled or disabled.

- instruments with relay option will additionally activate the fault relay, depending on the configuration.

1.2.3.1 Reset Warning Condition

Actuate the <set> key to acknowledge and reset a Warning Condition. Refer to Section 7, Troubleshooting for specific warnings.

1.2.4 Diagnostics

Instrument faults refer to a problem which prevents the Satellite XT from operating properly and interferes with the ability to monitor or document concentration alarms. When the instrument has detected an instrument fault, a steady output signal in the range of 0 and 2.0 mA is sent to attached control systems. The green status LED is off. The LCD display is flashing while indicating the specific fault message. Instruments with relay option will additionally activate the fault relay. The Satellite XT lists specific instrument responses to instrument faults. For information on the various fault messages and instructions on how to correct a fault condition, please refer to Section 7, Troubleshooting.

1.3 Menu structure

Besides the Monitoring Mode, there is also menu operation for the Satellite XT. Menu operation comprises three groups of functions, maintenance, calibration, and configuration. A password (if enabled) must be entered to exit the Monitoring Mode and to obtain access to the Main Menu.

1.3.1 Maintenance Menu

This function covers the realtime service procedures required for a regular maintenance of the instrument (e.g. sensor replacement).

1.3.2 Calibration Menu

Use the calibration function to dynamically calibrate the Satellite XT with a known concentration of the target gas or manually by entering a new correction K-Factor.

1.3.3 Configuration Menu

Use this function to configure the Satellite XT and to program instrument and monitoring parameters to suit individual requirements.

! Note:

If the instrument was in the Monitoring Mode when last powered down, it will automatically return to the Monitoring Mode when power is restored.

1.4 Operational Elements

Located at the front of the Satellite XT is

- the graphic display,
- the keypad consisting of six keys,
- the green status LED above the Set Key.

1.4.1 Keypad Functions

- o Escape Key <esc>
- o Set Key <set>
- o 4 Cursor Keys marked with an arrow, <up>, <down>, <left>, <right>.

	Honeywell
	Satellite XT AsH3 0.00 ppm
Satellite XT	esc

In the Maintenance, Calibration, and Configuration Menu, these keys provide the following functions:

To move forwards and backwards in the menu, use the cursor keys <down> and <up>. Select a function by actuating the <set> key.

To enter text or figures, use the cursor keys <left> and <right> to reach the desired cursor position. Use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to select the letter, figure, or sign you wish to enter. Bring the cursor to the next position, select the next letter, figure, or sign. After entering the complete text, use the <set> key to confirm the changes. If you do not want to save the changes, abort by actuating the <esc> key.

1.4.2 Graphic Display

Depending on the operating mode the structure of the graphic display is different. Three basic versions are illustrated and explained below. A detailed description is given in the according sections.

Display Structure for Monitoring Mode



Line 1 offers the possibility to enter a user specific description, e.g. monitoring location (max. 13 spaces; the name of the instrument is entered here when delivered). Line 2 shows the name of the gas monitored. Line 3 indicates the actual gas concentration and the concentration unit. Gas name and concentration unit are data stored in the memory of the sensor installed.

Display Structure for Menu



Line 1 shows the actual position in the menu. In the left example the actual position is Main Menu, in the right example it is the submenu Maintenance. Line 2 shows one of the selection possibilities. Line 3 shows the number of the selection possibility presently displayed and indicates also the total of selection possibilities available in this menu.

! Note:

The number of selection possibilities is subject to the instrument version and may be different than indicated in this guide to operation.

1.5 Technical Specifications

Sate	llite XT Version	4 - 20 mA	4 - 20 mA/R	4 - 20 mA/C	4 - 20 mA/C/R
Part	Number	9602-0200	9602-0205	9602-0250	9602-0255
Sens	sor Type used			Î.	
		x	x		
	catalytic		~	X	X
Pow	er Requirements	12 24 VDC (18		en using the Extra	ctive Module)
	voltare				
\vdash	consumption	max 1W	may 1.8 W/	max 14W	max 2.2 W/
Anal	og Signal Output		111ax. 1,0 W	max. 1, 4 w	111dx 2,2 VV
Ana	monitoring mode	4 20 mA			
		4 20 MA			
\vdash		2.6 4 IIIA, U.1 F	12		
		2.4 4 MA, 1 Hz			
	fault range	0 2 mA		í.	Í
Wirii					
	analog interface				
	3-wire shielded cable 3x1.0 mm2 / 17 AWG (Instrument delivered with 2m of cable attached)	X	X	X	x
	relay contacts				
	6-wire shielded cable 6x0.25mm2 / 23 AWG (Instrument delivered with 3m of cable attached)		х		х
Rela	y Outputs				
	contacts 3 x SPST (Single-Pole Single-Throw)		x		X
	max. ratings 250 VAC / 30 VDC, 2A				
Grap	hic Display	122 x 32 dots with	n backlight		
Stati	us LED	green			
Key	pad	6 touch-sensitive	membrane functior	n keys	
Phys	sical Dimensions				
	size (LxWxH)	145 x 95 x 50 mm			
		5.7 x 3.7 x 2.0 inches			
	weight	480 g	650 g	520 g	700 g
		17 oz	23 oz	18 oz	25 oz
Mou	nting	DIN-rail mounting	• 		
Prot	ection Class	IP 52 Option: IP 65			
RFI /	EMC	EN 50270			
Ope	rating Conditions	+			
	temperature	-20 °C +40 °C	-4 °F +104 °	F	
	pressure	700 1300 hPa			
	humidity	20 90 % r.h.			

This section explains installation and initial start-up procedures.

2.1 General Guidelines

Please consider the aspects indicated below before locating the instrument.

The property of the target gas (lighter or heavier than air) must be considered. The instrument should be mounted as close to the monitoring location as possible and should be easily accessible for operation and maintenance. For narrow monitoring locations or duct mounting a sensor extension with a standard length of 2m (6 feet) is available as an option.

The optimum position to mount the instrument is in an upright position on a flat surface. If the instrument is used for ambient air monitoring, ensure that the sensor is facing downwards. For personal monitoring applications the instrument should be mounted at head level.

Ensure that the area immediately surrounding the instrument is free from objects that might hinder free flow of air. The instrument should be installed away from any possible liquid sources, extreme dust and dirt sources and should be protected against rain and sunlight. An instrument version protection class IP 65 is available for outdoor applications.

A junction box is recommended to connect the instrument to external control systems. The maximum distance between instrument and junction box is 2 meters (6 feet).

Regarding the power requirements and operating conditions, please follow the specifications indicated in Section 1, Technical Specifications, for wiring instructions refer to Section 2, Wiring.

Sensors should be stored in a cool, dry place when not in use.

2.2 Standard Mounting

The instrument is designed for DIN–rail mounting. Shipped with each instrument is the standard mounting rail, suitable for wall mounting. Mount the DIN–rail to a wall and fasten the instrument with the sensor downwards and the display facing the front.

Attach the wires to the junction box according to the wiring diagram provided in the course of this section..



Standard mounting rail (P/N 9602.0050.10.03)

For applications where wall mounting is not possible, an L-shaped mounting plate with DIN–rail is available as an option.



Optional L-shaped mounting plate with DIN-rail (P/N 9602.0051.10.02)

! Note: Do not apply power until system is ready for start-up!

2.3 Duct Mounting

Observe the guidelines for installation of the instrument. For assembly and installation of the sensor extension see the schematics below and overleaf.

2.3.1 Connecting the Sensor Extension to the Instrument

1. Connect the Socket (A) to the plug in the sensor compartment located at the bottom of the Satellite XT. The groove of the Socket must face to the front.

2. Screw in the Internal Cap (B) and fasten it hand-tight.

3. Insert the Sensor Housing (C) with the nose of the Bayonet Catch facing to the front. Lock the Bayonet Catch with a quarter-turn right.

2.3.2 Mounting the Sensor Extension to the Duct



Duct







Installation and Start-Up - Section 2

The instrument is shipped with 2 meters (6 feet) of permanently attached 3-wire shielded cable extending from the bottom of the unit.

The open end of the cable should $\Box be terminated in a junction box:$

- whiteto D
- brown......to P-
- green.....to P+
- cable shield.....to S.

To interface with external control systems, use of a 3–wire shielded cable 3x1.0 mm2 / 17 AWG is recommended.

Juno	Junction Box Terminals			
D	white	4-20 mA Output		
P-	brown	0 V (common)		
P+	green	12 24 VDC Power		
S	shield	cable shield		



Junction Box 2 nodes, standard

2.5 Relay Wiring

Instruments with relay option have an additional 6–wire shielded cable extending from the bottom of the instrument. This cable has a length of 3 meters and is also permanently attached to the instrument.

The 6-wire shielded cable is used for relay wiring and provides a pair of connections for each of the 3 internal relays for activation of visual or audible external alarm devices.

Rela	Relay Contacts	
1	white	Alarm 1 Relay
1	brown	Alarm 1 Relay
2	green	Alarm 2 Relay
2	yellow	Alarm 2 Relay
3	grey	Fault Relay
3	pink	Fault Relay
S	shield	cable shield



Junction Box for instruments with Relay Option (1 node, R-Version)

! Note:

All wiring for the Satellite XT and its related equipment must be in compliance with any local electrical and fire codes. The Satellite XT wiring must be kept away from any high power lines. All shielding for the wiring must be connected together and grounded at only one point in the system.

Installation and Start-Up - Section 2



Wiring Diagram Satellite XT 4-20 mA Single-point controller



Wiring Diagram Satellite XT 4-20 mA Multipoint Controller



Wiring Diagram Satellite XT 4-20 mA and PLC

2.6 Initial Start-Up

When wiring is completed, a sensor must be assigned to each instrument. Every sensor is gas calibrated and these sensor specific calibration parameters are stored in its integrated data memory. Make sure to use only sensors designed for use with the Satellite XT.

Ex factory the instruments are shipped either unconfigured or already preconfigured according to the customer's specifications.

If the instruments are preconfigured, a certain sensor, which can be identified by its serial number printed on the packaging and the sensor label, is assigned and documented to one particular instrument. These data are stated in the test certificate provided with the shipment.

Switch on power supply. If no sensor is fitted, the display of the instrument shows the below message.



For applications without sensor extension open the bayonet catch of the sensor housing located at bottom of the instrument with a quarter-turn left and remove the sensor housing. For applications with sensor extension hold the plastic fitting at the duct side with two fingers and unscrew the metal fitting.

Take the assigned sensor out of the packaging. Remove shorting strap or wire link placed in the sensor plug before inserting it into the instrument. Not all sensors types require this strap or link.

Caution: Failure to remove the shorting strap or wire link may result in damage to the Satellite.

For applications without sensor extension insert the sensor into the instrument's sensor compartment with the arrow printed on the sensor label facing upwards and to the front. Fit sensor housing by fastening the bayonet catch with a quarter-turn right.

For applications with sensor extension insert the sensor into the socket inside the metal fitting, properly aligning notch, groove, and arrow printed on the sensor label.

A sensor warm-up is performed and the graphic display shows the according screen until the displayed value is zero. This does not apply for oxygen sensors.

The warm-up time required depends on the type of sensor installed. The instrument is in the Maintenance Mode and the green LED is off.



As soon as the displayed value reads zero, the instrument automatically switches to the Monitoring Mode. The graphic display shows the according screen, the green status LED is on, the instrument is monitoring.

! Note:

If the instrument does not perform as described above and a fault message is shown, please refer to Section 7, Troubleshooting. Instruments with catalytic sensors:

Zero Adjustment must be performed prior to start–up. It is recommended to repeat Zero Adjustment every 4 to 6 weeks. For details refer to Section 5, Calibration. Instruments with oxygen sensors:

Span Adjustment must be performed prior to start-up. It is recommended to repeat Span Adjustment every 4 to 6 weeks. For details refer to Section 5, Calibration.

This section explains the different monitoring conditions and the submenus available under the Main Menu.

3.1 The Main Menu Screens

When the <esc> key is actuated, the instrument will leave the Monitoring Mode and go to the Main Menu. The instrument is now in the Maintenance Mode and the green LED is off. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to move forwards and backwards in the Main Menu. Actuate the <set> key to select a submenu. Actuate the <esc> key to go back to the Main Menu.

To return to the Monitoring Mode, go to the menu 'MONITORING' and actuate <set> to select. The display shows the monitoring screen again and the illuminated green LED indicates, that the instrument is in the Monitoring Mode.



Main Menu - Monitoring

The instrument is in the operating mode Maintenance and the green LED is off. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to move forwards and backwards in the Main Menu. Actuate the <set> key to enter the Monitoring Mode.

 \circ f

MENU

MONITORING

<Normal Condition>

This screen and the illuminated green LED indicate that the instrument is in the Monitoring Mode and is operating properly.



<Alarm 1 Condition>

This screen shows that Alarm Level 1 has been exceeded and that there is an actual gas concentration of 0.07 ppm AsH3. (f.i. Alarm 1 set at 0.05 ppm AsH3)



<Alarm 2 Condition>

This screen shows that Alarm Level 2 has been exceeded and that there is an actual gas concentration of 0.12 ppm AsH3.

(f.i. Alarm 2 set at 0.10 ppm AsH3)

Main Menu - Maintenance

The instrument is in the Maintenance Mode and the green LED is off. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to move forwards and backwards in the Main Menu. To select a submenu, actuate the <set> key to enter.

Submenus - Maintenance

Sensor Service screen 1 of 5





Sensor Infos screen 3 of 5

Reset Device screen 4 of 5

Service screen 5 of 5



MENU

MAINTENANCE

Main Menu - Section 3

Main Menu - Calibration



The instrument is in the Maintenance Mode and the green LED is off. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to move forwards and backwards in the Main Menu. To select a submenu, actuate the <set> key to enter.

Submenus - Calibration

Gas Calibration screen 1 of 3

Manual K-Factor screen 2 of 3

Current Output screen 3 of 3

Main Menu - Section 3





This section explains routine maintenance procedures including sensor replacement and specific information on sensor and instrument.





Sensor Service

To perform a sensor replacement with a new sensor, which must have the same part number. See section 8 for sensor information.

Use the <set> key to enter and follow the dialogue displayed at the bottom line of the screen. When the instrument has finished the sensor service procedure, it will automatically enter the Monitoring Mode.

Remove Sensor

Remove the sensor presently installed and actuate the <set> key to proceed.

Replacement

Insert the new sensor and actuate the <set> key to continue.

Load New Data ?

If you want the data of the new sensor to be loaded, confirm this by actuating the <set> key.

Loading Data !

The new data are now loaded from the sensor into the unit's internal memory.

<Sensor Warm-Up Condition>

A sensor warm-up is performed and this screen is shown until the displayed value is zero, except for oxygen sensors. The warm-up time depends on the type of sensor.

<Normal Monitoring Condition>

The instrument will automatically switch to the Monitoring Mode when the sensor service procedure is finished.

Only instruments with catalytic sensors: If the displayed value is not zero, a zero adjustment must be performed; refer to section 5, Calibration.

!Note:

When a new sensor is installed the K-factor will automatically revert to the default value 1.00. If individual settings are required, they must be entered again; refer to section 5, Calibration. Catalytic sensors are calibrated for methane. When monitoring for other combustible gases, a K-factor must be entered.

MAINTENANCE

SENSOR SERVICE

SENSOR SERVICE

<set> when ready

SENSOR SERVICE

REPLACEMENT

please insert

SENSOR SERVICE

SENSOR SERVICE

SENSOR WARM-UP!

.23

0.00

LOADING

Satellite XT

AsH3

please

0 A D

NEW DATA

DATA

2

ppm

ppm

REMOVE

SENSOR

Maintenance - Section 4

Device Infos

Used to obtain instrument specific information, i.e. software version, and ID number. In general these data are required for service purposes.

Actuate the <set> key to select and move with the cursor keys <up> and <down>. Actuate the <esc> key to exit.



MAINTENANCE

select

DEVICE INFOS

<Actual Software Version>

The version of the software presently installed is shown.

<Specific Identification Number>

The instrument's specific identification number (ID) is shown.

Maintenance - Section 4

Sensor Infos

Provides specific information about the sensor presently installed, i.e. part number, serial number, date of first calibration, sensitivity, and revision number. These data are stored in the sensor's memory. Actuate the <set> key to select or use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to continue in the menu.

Part Number

Actuate the <set> key to display the part number of the sensor presently installed.

<Actual Sensor Part Number>

Use this information to order replacement sensors. Additional order information is provided in section 8, Sensor Order Information. Actuate <esc> to leave.

Serial Number Actuate the <set> key to display the serial number of thesensor presently installed.

<Actual Sensor Serial Number>

This information may be required for service purposes. Actuate the <esc> key to leave.

First Calibration Use the <set> key to display the date when the installed sensor was calibrated for the first time.

<Date of First Calibration>

This information may be required for service purposes and to check the age of the sensor. Actuate <esc> to leave.

continued

MAINTENANCE

select:

SENSOR INFOS

SENSOR INFOS

PART NUMBER

9602-6000

SENSOR INFOS

SERIAL NUMBER

31

SENSOR INFOS

1st CALIBRATION

27.09.2006

1 s t

select

NUMBER

CALIBRATION

SERIAL

NUMBER

PART



Maintenance - Section 4

Reset Device

MAINTENANCE RESET DEVICE select: 4 of 5 RESET DEVICE ARE YOU SURE ? <esc> to exit ! SENSOR WARM-UP! 1.23 ppm Satellite XT AsH3 O.00 ppm

Offers the possibility to perform a "warm start" of the instrument. Actuate the <set> key to select.

Are You Sure ?

This screen is to confirm that a software reset should be performed. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or use the <esc> key to exit.

<Sensor Warm-Up Condition>

A sensor warm-up is performed and this screen is shown until the displayed value is zero, except for oxygen sensors. The warm-up time depends on the type of sensor.

<Normal Monitoring Condition>

The instrument will automatically switch to the Monitoring Mode when the sensor service procedure is completed.



Service

This submenu is used exclusively by trained Service Personnel. The functions are password protected.

This section describes calibration procedures for the Satellite XT. Calibration can be performed either automatically by a dynamic gas calibration or manually by entering a calculated correction factor called K-factor. Also included in this section are the electronic calibration procedures for the (0) 4-20 mA analog interface.

Main Menu - Calibration The instrument is in the Maintenance Mode and the green LED is off. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to move forwards and backwards in the Main Menu. To select a submenu, actuate the <set> key to enter.</set></down></up>	MENU CALIBRATION select: 3 of 4
Submenus - Calibration	
Gas Calibration screen 1 of 3	CALIBRATION GAS CALIBRATION select: 1 of 3
Manual K-Factor screen 2 of 3	CALIBRATION MANUAL K-FACTOR select: 2 of 3
Current Output screen 3 of 3	CALIBRATION CURRENT OUTPUT select: 3 of 3

!Note:

If a high degree of accuracy in monitoring is required, monthly calibration with calibration gas of a known concentration is recommended.

When performing a dynamic calibration, a new correction factor (K-Factor) is calculated automatically. The actual value can be displayed in the submenu Manual K-Factor.

Use appropriate safety precautions when handling toxic or corrosive gases and properly vent, if possible.

Catalytic sensors must be protected from silicone vapours, which may permanenty reduce the sensors' sensitivity.

Calibration - Section 5

Gas Calibration

The gas calibration submenu is used for dynamic calibration. For zero adjustment use clean or synthetic air free from measuring gas or any other interfering gases. The sensor must be warmed-up before calibration. For span adjustment it is recommended to use test gas of a known concentration at or slightly above TLV for the target gas. Always keep to the correct sequence, first perform zero adjustment, then Span Adjustment.

Zero Adjust

Use the <set> key to enter and follow the dialogue displayed.

Zero adjustment applies for all sensors except oxygen sensors.

Apply Air !

Apply clean or synthetic air to the sensor and actuate the <set> key to continue.

<Actual Zero Point>

Allow the zero reading to stabilize. If the reading is already zero, zero adjustment is not necessary. Actuate the <esc> key to exit. If the reading is not zero, actuate the <set> key to re-adjust the zero point and to continue the procedure.

<Re-adjusted Zero Point>

The reading is zero. Actuate the <set> key to proceed.

Save ?

Actuate the <set> key to save the new zero point and store it in the unit's internal memory.

continued

CALIBRATION

select:

GAS CALIBRATION

GAS CALIBRATION

ZERO ADJUST

ZERO ADJUST

ZERO ADJUST

ZERO ADJUST

ZERO ADJUST

?

Value

SAVE

0.00

0.01

APPLY

AIR

ppm

ppm



Manual K-Factor

This submenu is used to manually calibrate the instrument by entering a new K-Factor. This factor is a multiplication or correction value used to calibrate the response of the instrument to a specific gas concentration.

The factory default K-Factor for all gases is 1.00. Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will display the actual KFactor.

<Actual K-Factor>

Use the cursor keys <left> or <right> to reach the desired position. Use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to select the figures you wish to enter. The K-Factor must be in the range of 0.20 and 5.00. After a new value has been entered, actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

!Note:

Individual settings for the Manual K-Factor will automatically revert to the default value 1.00, whenever the sensor is replaced by a new sensor.

Only instruments using catalytic sensors:

Catalytic sensors are calibrated for methane. When monitoring for other combustible gases, a K-factor must be entered.



o f

CALIBRATION

select:

MANUAL K-FACTOR

Calibration - Section 5

Current Output

The 4-20 mA signal output range of the instrument is preprogrammed to correspond to the nominal range of the target gas with 4 mA representing the zero concentration and 20 mA representing the full scale concentration.

This submenu provides the possibility to perform functional tests and to scale external control systems. To select a submenu actuate the <set> key to enter or use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to move backwards or forwards.

Set 0 mA

Allows the user to simulate a fault condition. Use the <set> key to enter.

0 mA set !

An analog signal output of 0 mA is now transmitted to external control systems. Use the <esc> key to exit.



CALIBRATION

SET

0

select

select

CURRENT OUTPUT

CURRENT OUTPUT

0

CURRENT OUTPUT

mΑ

set

mΑ

Set 4 mA Allows the user to scale external control systems with an output signal of 4 mA representing the zero concentration value. Use the <set> key to enter.

4 mA set ! An analog signal output of 4 mA is now transmitted to external control systems. Use the <esc> key to exit.



Set 20 mA

Allows the user to scale external control systems with an output signal of 20 mA representing the full scale concentration value.

This submenu also serves to simulate alarm conditions. Use the <set> key to enter

20 mA set !

An analog signal output of 20 mA is now transmitted to external control systems. Use the <esc> key to exit. This section describes the instrument's default configuration and procedures how to adapt it to individual requirements.






ALARM

Alarm 1

Alarm Settings

For Alarm 1 settings, use the <set> key to enter or continue in the menu with the cursor keys <up> or <down>.

Allows the user to enter or change various settings for

Alarm 1 and Alarm 2 activation. Use the <set> key to enter.



1

Alarm 2

For Alarm 2 settings, use the <set> key to enter or continue in the menu with the cursor keys <up> or <down>.

Configuration - Section 6





Used to enable / disable the Alarm 1 activation. Default setting is enabled. Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will show the actual setting.



Allows the user to turn off the Alarm 1 activation. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Allows the user to turn on the Alarm 1 activation. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



ALARM 1

ALARM

select

STATE

1

ALARM 1 STATE

ALARM 1 STATE

ENABLED

DISABLED

Alarm 1 Level

Used to set individual alarm levels for Alarm 1 activation. Default setting is 1 x TLV respectively 20 % LEL for the target gas.

Actuate the <set> key to enter and show the actual setting.

<Actual Alarm 1 Level>

To change the value, use the cursor keys <left> or <right> to reach the desired position. Use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to select the figures you wish to enter. After the new value has been entered, actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Alarm 1 Trigger



Used to define the trigger condition for Alarm 1 activation. Default setting is Greater Than. Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will show the actual setting.

Defines that an Alarm 1 condition will be indicated when

the actual gas concentration exceeds the preset level

for Alarm 1.

Greater Than

ALARM 1 TRIGGER GREATER THAN select: 1 of 2



Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Less Than

Defines that an Alarm 1 condition will be indicated when the actual gas concentration falls below the preset level for Alarm 1.

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit..



Alarm 1 Latch Used to define the Alarm 1 activation to be either latching or non-latching.

Default setting is enabled. Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will show the actual setting. When latching is enabled, alarm reset must be done manually. Nonlatching alarms will be reset automatically, upon correction of the alarm condition.

Disabled

Defines the Alarm 1 activation to be non-latching. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Enabled

Defines the Alarm 1 activation to be latching. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Configuration - Section 6

Alarm 2

Allows the user to configure all parameters for Alarm 2 (upper alarm level) activation.

For all subsequent Alarm 2 settings, please follow the procedures described in the corresponding section for Alarm 1 settings.



ALARM SETTINGS

2

ALARM

select

Alarm 2 State Used to enable / disable the Alarm 2 activation.



Alarm 2 Level Used to set individual alarm levels for Alarm 2 activation.

ALARM 2 ALARM 2 TRIGGER select: 3 of 4

Alarm 2 Trigger Used to define the trigger condition for Alarm 2 activation.



Alarm 2 Latch Used to define the Alarm 2 activation to be latching or non-latching.

Language

Used to select the desired language for menu operation. Default setting is English. Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will display the actual language.

German

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

English

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

[Date	For	mat
ov the	dat	$\sim (\sim$	aby

Used to define the format how to display the date (only used in the submenu Sensor Infos, Date of First Calibration). Default setting is International. Use the <set> key to enter. The actual date format is displayed.

International

USA

DATE FORMAT INTERNATIONAL select: 1 of 2

CONFIGURATION

LANGUAGE

GERMAN

LANGUAGE

CONFIGURATION

select:

DATE FORMAT

ENGLISH

LANGUAGE

select:

International date format is DD.MM.YYYY Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

DATE	FORM	AT		
USA				
seleo	ct:	2	o f	2

USA date format is MM-DD-YYYY Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Configuration - Section 6

Auto Selftest



The instrument's self-diagnostics provides an on-line preventive sensor selftest performed automatically every 24 hours, which may be enabled or disabled. Default setting is enabled.

Use the <set> key to enter. The display will show the actual setting. The function Auto Selftest is not available with instruments using oxygen sensors or catalytic sensors.

Disabled

Allows the user to turn off the Auto Selftest. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Enabled

Allows the user to turn on the Auto Selftest. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Security

Exiting the Monitoring Mode and entering the Maintenance Mode, may be password protected, to prevent the instrument from manipulations by unauthorized personnel. Ex factory the password protection is disabled. Use the <set> key to enter. The instruments shows the actual setting.

Password On

Allows the user to enable the password protection. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Password Off

Allows the user to disable the password protection. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit..

Password

Allows the user to enter or change the password. Ex factory the password is <000>. Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will display the actual password.

<Actual Password>

PASSWORD OOO please enter ! To change the string the

CONFIGURATION

CONFIGURATION

LOCATION

PASSWORD

select:

To change the password, use the cursor keys <left> or <right> to reach the desired position. Use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to select the figures you wish to enter. After the new password has been entered, actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Location

Allows the user to enter a desciption defining the monitoring point.

Ex factory it reads <Satellite XT>. Up to 13 alphanumeric characters can be entered.

Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will display the actual location..

LOCATION	
Gas Cabi	n e t
please ent	er!

<Actual Location>

Use the cursor keys <left> or <right> to reach the desired position. Use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to select the characters you wish to enter. When the new location has been entered completely, actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Configuration - Section 6

New Sensor Type

Allows the user to configure the instrument for a new sensor type with a part number, which is different from the one presently used.

See Section 8 for Sensor Information.

Actuate the <set> key to enter and follow the dialogue displayed.

Remove the sensor presently installed and actuate the <set> key to proceed.

New Sensor Insert the new sensor and actuate the <set> key to proceed.

Load New Data ? If you want the data of the new sensor to be loaded, confirm this by pressing the <set> key..

Loading Data ! The new data are now loaded from the sensor into the instrument's internal memory.



CONFIGURATION

NEW SENSOR

NEW SENSOR TYPE

NEW SENSOR TYPE

NEW SENSOR TYPE

NEW SENSOR TYPE

LOADING

please wai

NEW DATA

DATA

9

NEW SENSOR

please

IOAD

REMOVE SENSOR

select:

ΤΥΡΕ

Gas Name

Allows the user to enter a different gas name than the one stored in the sensor's data memory. Up to 7 alpha-numeric characters can be entered. Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will display the actual gas name.

<Actual Gas Name>

Use the cursor keys <left> or <right> to reach the desired position. Use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to select the characters you wish to enter. When the new gas name has been entered completely, actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Configuration - Section 6

Maintenance Signal

The maintenance signal indicates a complete absence of monitoring capability and is transmitted to external control systems. The maintenance output signal can be configured either steady, i.e. 2.4 mA, or alternating, i.e. 2.4 to 4.0 mA, 1 Hz.Default setting is alternating. Actuate the <set> key to enter. The instrument shows the actual setting.



Defines the maintenance output signal to be alternating. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Defines the maintenance output signal to be constant. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Warning Signal

The warning signal indicates that the instrument requires some attention, but is still able to monitor. The warning output signal is an alternating signal of 2.8 to 4.0 mA, 0.1 Hz and is transmitted to external control systems. The warning output signal can be configured enabled or disabled. Default setting is enabled. Actuate the <set> key to enter. The instrument shows the actual setting.

Disabled

Allows the user to turn off the warning output signal. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Enabled

Allows the user to turn on the warning output signal. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



MAINT. SIGNAL

ALTERNATING

CONFIGURATION

MAINT.

select

SIGNAL

4-20 mA Range

The 4-20 mA signal output range of the instrument is preprogrammed to correspond to the nominal range of the target gas. The 4-20 mA range may be adjusted to individual requirements, but must not exceed the upper and lower values listed in Section 8. Actuate the <set> key to enter and display the actual setting.

<Actual 4-20 mA Range>

To change the value, use the cursor keys <left> or <right> to reach the desired position. Use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to select the figures you wish to enter. After the new value has been entered, actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Relays

Allows the user to enter or change various settings for the internal relay contacts for Alarm 1, Alarm 2, and Fault. Use the <set> key to enter.

! Note:

The RELAYS menu and all subsequent menu items are only available for instruments with relay option.

Relay State

Used to individually define the relays to be either deenergized (normally open contact) or energized (normally closed contact). Use the <set> key to enter or continue in the menu with the cursor keys <up> or <down>.

Alarm Delay

Used to set a delay for the relay activation in case of concentration alarms.

Use the <set> key to enter or continue in the menu with the cursor keys <up> or <down>.

Fault Trigger

Used to define the trigger conditions for activation of the Fault Relay.

Use the <set> key to enter or continue in the menu with the cursor keys <up> or <down>.

! Note:

Individual settings for alarm levels, gas name, and the 4-20 mA output range, will automatically revert to the factory programmed settings, whenever a new sensor type with a part number different from the part number of the sensor used before is installed.



CONFIGURATION

RELAYS

RELAYS

FAULT

select

13

RELAYS

select:



TRIGGER

o f



Configuration - Section 6

Relay State





Configuration - Section 6

Alarm 2 Relay



Allows the user to set the Alarm 2 Relay state. Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will show the actual setting.



Defines the Alarm 2 Relay to be deenergized (normally open contact). Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit..



Energized / NC Defines the Alarm 2 Relay to be energized (normally closed contact).

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Fault Relay

Allows the user to set the Fault Relay state. Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will show the actual setting.



Defines the Fault Relay to be deenergized (normally open contact). Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit..



Energized / NC

Defines the Fault Relay to be energized (normally closed contact).

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Alarm Delay

Used to define an alarm delay for concentration alarms. Minimum value is 0, maximum setting is 99.9 seconds. Default setting is 3.0 seconds.

Actuate the <set> key to enter and show the actual setting.

<Actual Alarm Delay>

To change the value, use the cursor keys <left> or <right> to reach the desired position.

Use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to select the figures you wish to enter.

After the new value has been entered, actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



3.0 sec. lease enter

ALARM DELAY

RELAYS

ALARM DELAY

vate the Fault Relay. Ex factory the setting is Fault Only.

Satellite XT 4-20 mA Versions

This section will help to determine the source of a fault or warning condition and will provide a corrective action.

7.1 Warning and Fault Messages

There are two general indications, warnings and faults, which require different attention. If a fault or warning message does not appear in this section or if further assistance is required, contact our service department.

7.1.1 Warnings

A warning condition indicates that the instrument requires some attention, but the instrument is still able to monitor and operate as programmed. The following will occur when the instrument detects a warning condition:

- the green status LED is flashing

- an alternating signal (2.8 to 4.0 mA, 0.1 Hz) is sent to external control systems; depending on the configuration, this function can be enabled or disabled.
- depending on the configuration, the fault relay will be activated.
Press the <set> key to acknowledge and reset a Warning Condition.



Low Zero ! This message indicates that the zero point of the sensor is out of the optimum range. To correct this problem, check the zero adjustment and recalibrate, if necessary.



Check Sensor !

This message indicates that the sensor sensitivity does not comply with the specifications.

The sensor must soon be replaced. Whilst most sensors will work for another 2-6 weeks, there are circumstances that may cause an earlier failure of the sensor cell. Honeywell therefore suggests that customers with more critical needs carry out the replacement of the sensor cell within 3 days (72 hours) of receiving the "check sensor" message.

To receive this message, the function Auto Selftest must be configured enabled; refer to Section 6, Configuration.

! This function is not available for instruments with oxygen sensor or catalytic sensor.

7.1.2 Faults

Instrument faults refer to a problem which prevents the instrument from operating properly and interferes with the ability to monitor or document concentration alarms.

If the instrument has detected an instrument fault, a fault signal of a defined output current for each different fault condition is sent to attached control systems. The green status LED is off. The LCD display is flashing while indicating the specific fault message.

Fault - ADC Not Ready !



This indicates that there is a problem with the internal electronics. The AD Converter has failed. Switch power supply for this unit off and on again. If the instrument still shows this message, switch off power supply for this unit and contact MST for further instructions. Output current is 2.0 mA.

Fault - No Sensor !

This message indicates that no sensor is inserted or that a sensor type not suitable for the Satellite is used. To eliminate the problem, insert the correct sensor. When using the Satellite in combination with the sensor extension, make sure that all connections are firmly attached. Output current is 1.8 mA.

---- FAULT ----WRONG SENSOR !

Fault - Wrong Sensor !

This message indicates that the sensor installed is not the sensor assigned to this particular instrument. To correct the problem, insert the sensor assigned and documented to this instrument. The data are stated in the test certificate provided with the shipment. Output current is 1.6 mA.

FAL	JLT
REPLACE	SENSOR!

Fault - Replace Sensor !

This message indicates that the sensor presently installed is depleted (the warning CHECK SENSOR ! has been ignored). To correct the problem, replace the old sensor immediately. Output current is 1.4 mA.

! This function is not available for instruments with oxygen sensor or catalytic sensor.

Fault - Extractive !



Only for instruments with Extractive Module.

This message indicates that there is a problem with the Extractive Module. Check power supply, sample tubing, sampletubing connections, and sample line filter. Perform any corrective action required. Output current is 1.2 mA.

If the message is still shown, please contact our service department for further instructions.

Fault - Pyrolyzer !

---- FAULT ----PYROLYZER !

Only for instruments with Pyrolyzer Module.

This message indicates that there is a problem with the Pyrolyzer Module. Output current is 1.0 mA.

Please contact our service department for further instructions.

8.1 Sensor Order Information

Substan	ice / Sensor	Part No Sensor	Nom Rang	inal Je	Unit	Note	Dust Filter allowed
AsH3	Arsine (3 El.)	9602-6004	0	1.00	ppm		Yes
AsH3	Arsine (2 El.)	9602-6000	0	1.00	ppm	1)	Yes
AsH3	Arsine (2 El.)	9602-6002	0	10.0	ppm	1)	Yes
B2H6	Diborane	9602-6202	0	1.00	ppm	,	Yes
Br2	Bromine	9602-6800	0	5.00	ppm		No
C4F6	Hexafluorobutadiene	9602-9732	0	50.0	ppm	3)	no data
C5F8	Octafluorocyclopentene	9602-9730	0	20.0	ppm	3)	no data
CH3F	Methyl Fluoride	9602-9720	0	0.500	% vol	3)	no data
CH4	Methane	9602-9900	0	100	% LEL	4)	no data
CI2:	Chlorine	9602-5300	0	5.00	ppm		Yes
CIF3	Chlorine Trifluoride	9602-7410	0	1.00	ppm		No
CIO2	Chlorine Dioxide	9602-7400	0	1.00	ppm		No
со	Carbon Monoxide	9602-5400	0	500	ppm		Yes
COCI2	Phosgene	9602-6600	0	1.00	ppm		Yes
DCE 1,2	Di-chloro-ethylene 1,2	9602-9600	0	1000	ppm	3)	no data
C2H4O	Ethylene Oxide	9602-8000	0	20.0	ppm		no data
F2	Fluorine	9602-6400	0	5.00	ppm		No
F2	Fluorine	9602-6401	0	30	ppm		No
GeH4	Germane	9602-6902	0	5.0	ppm		Yes
H2	Hydrogen (1%)	9602-5100	0	1.000	% vol		Yes
H2	Hydrogen (4 %)	9602-5101	0	4.00	% vol	2)	Yes
H2S	Hydrogen Sulfide	9602-5200	0	100	ppm		Yes
H2S	Hydrogen Sulfide (org.)	9602-5201	0	30.0	ppm	1)	Yes
H2Se	Hydrogen Selenide	9602-5601	0	5.00	ppm		No
HBr	Hydrogen Bromide	9602-7000	0	30.0	ppm		No
HCI	Hydrogen Chloride	9602-5800	0	30.0	ppm		No
HCN	Hydrogen Cyanide	9602-5700	0	30.0	ppm		No
HF	Hydrogen Fluoride	9602-6500	0	10.0	ppm		No
HMDS	Hexamethyldisilazane	9602-6714	0	500	ppm		Yes
HMDS	Hexamethyldisilazane	9602-6715	0	0.500	% vol		Yes
N2H4	Hydrazine	9602-7600	0	1.00	ppm		No
NF3	Nitrogen Trifluoride	9602-9700	0	50.0	ppm	3)	no data
NH3	Ammonia (100 ppm)	9602-6704	0	100	ppm		No
NH3	Ammonia (1000 ppm)	9602-6705	0	1000	ppm	2)	No
NO	Nitric Oxide	9602-7200	0	250	ppm		Yes
NO2	Nitrogen Dioxide	9602-7300	0	25.0	ppm		Yes
02	Oxygen	9602-5500	0	25.0	% vol		Yes
O3	Ozone	9602-7100	0	1.00	ppm		No
O3	Ozone	9602-7101	0	1.00	ppm	1)	No
PH3	Phosphine (3 El.)	9602-6102	0	1.00	ppm		Yes
PH3	Phosphine (2 El.)	9602-6100	0	1.00	ppm	1)	Yes
SF6	Sulfur Hexafluoride	9602-9710	0	0.500	% vol	3)	no data
SiH4	Silane	9602-6301	0	50.0	ppm		Yes
SO2	Sulfur Dioxide	9602-5900	0	25.0	ppm		Yes
TEOS	Tetraethyl Orthosilicate	9602-7500	0	100	ppm		No

Reference Information - Section 8

Substa	nce / Sensor	Part No Sensor	Nom Rang	inal je	Unit	Note	Dust Filter allowed
ТМВ	Trimethyl borate	9602-7510	0	500	ppm		No
TMP	Trimethyl phosphite	9602-7800	0	30.0	ppm		Yes
	Notes:	1) Special application					
		2) Special range					
		3) Pyrolyzer Module required for detection					
		4) Only for use with Satellite XT C-versions					
		Further gases and ranges on request					

8.2 4 - 20 mA Signal Output Range

Substance / Sensor		Part No.	4 - 20 mA Range					Alarm 1
		Sensor	Min		Default	Мах	Unit	Setting
3MS	Trimethylsilane	9602-6210	0	7.5	20.0	50.0	ppm	2.5
AsH3	Arsine (3 El.)	9602-6004	0	0.15	1.00	10.00	ppm	0.05
AsH3	Arsine (2 El.)	9602-6000	0	0.15	1.00	10.00	ppm	0.05
AsH3	Arsine (2 El.)	9602-6002	0	3.0	10.0	10.0	ppm	1.0
B2H6	Diborane	9602-6202	0	0.30	1.00	10.00	ppm	0.10
Br2	Bromine	9602-6800	0	0.30	5.00	10.00	ppm	0.10
C4F6	Hexafluorobutadiene	9602-9732	0	30.0	50.0	100.0	ppm	6.0
C5F8	Octafluorocyclopentene	9602-9730	0	6.0	20.0	50.0	ppm	2.0
CH3F	Methyl Fluoride	9602-9720	0	0.300	0.500	1.000	% vol	0.100
CH4	Methane	9602-9900	0	60	100	100	% LEL	20
CI2:	Chlorine	9602-5300	0	1.50	5.00	10.00	ppm	0.50
CIF3	Chlorine Trifluoride	9602-7410	0	0.30	1.00	5.00	ppm	0.10
CIO2	Chlorine Dioxide	9602-7400	0	0.30	1.00	5.00	ppm	0.10
СО	Carbon Monoxide	9602-5400	0	75	500	1000	ppm	30
COCI2	Phosgene	9602-6600	0	0.30	1.00	10.00	ppm	0.10
DCE 1,2	Di-chloro-ethylene 1,2	9602-9600	0	600	1000	1000	ppm	200
C2H4O	Ethylene Oxide	9602-8000	0	10.0	20.0	50.0	ppm	3.0
F2	Fluorine	9602-6400	0	0.30	5.00	10.00	ppm	0.10
F2	Fluorine	9602-6401	0	9	30	50	ppm	3
GeH4	Germane	9602-6902	0	0.6	5.0	10.0	ppm	0.2
H2	Hydrogen (1%)	9602-5100	0	0.300	1.000	1.000	% vol	0.100
H2	Hydrogen (4 %)	9602-5101	0	3.00	4.00	10.00	% vol	1.00
H2S	Hydrogen Sulfide	9602-5200	0	30	100	500	ppm	10
H2S	Hydrogen Sulfide (org.)	9602-5201	0	30.0	30.0	50.0	ppm	10.0
H2Se	Hydrogen Selenide	9602-5601	0	0.15	5.00	10.00	ppm	0.05
HBr	Hydrogen Bromide	9602-7000	0	6.0	30.0	50.0	ppm	2.0
HCI	Hydrogen Chloride	9602-5800	0	15.0	30.0	50.0	ppm	5.0
HCN	Hydrogen Cyanide	9602-5700	0	15.0	30.0	50.0	ppm	10.0
HF	Hydrogen Fluoride	9602-6500	0	9.0	10.0	50.0	ppm	3.0
HMDS	Hexamethyldisilazane	9602-6714	0	300	500	1000	ppm	100
HMDS	Hexamethyldisilazane	9602-6715	0	0.300	0.500	1.000	% vol	0.100
N2H4	Hydrazine	9602-7600	0	0.30	1.00	10.00	ppm	0.10
NF3	Nitrogen Trifluoride	9602-9700	0	30.0	50.0	100.0	ppm	10.0
NH3	Ammonia (100 ppm)	9602-6704	0	60	100	200	ppm	20
NH3	Ammonia (1000 ppm)	9602-6705	0	300	1000	1000	ppm	100
NO	Nitric Oxide	9602-7200	0	75	250	1000	ppm	25
NO2	Nitrogen Dioxide	9602-7300	0	9.0	25.0	100.0	ppm	5.0
O2	Oxygen	9602-5500	0	25.0	25.0	30.0	% vol	18.0
O3	Ozone	9602-7100	0	0.30	1.00	10.00	ppm	0.10
O3	Ozone	9602-7101	0	0.30	1.00	10.00	ppm	0.10
PH3	Phosphine (3 El.)	9602-6102	0	0.30	1.00	10.00	ppm	0.10
PH3	Phosphine (2 El.)	9602-6100	0	0.30	1.00	10.00	ppm	0.10
SF6	Sulfur Hexafluoride	9602-9710	0	0.300	0.500	1.000	% vol	0.100
SiH4	Silane	9602-6301	0	15.0	50.0	100.0	ppm	5.0
SO2	Sulfur Dioxide	9602-5900	0	6.0	25.0	100.0	ppm	2.0

Reference Information - Section 8

Substance / Sensor		Part No.	Alarm 1					
		Sensor	Min		Default	Max	Unit	Setting
TEOS	Tetraethyl Orthosilicate	9602-7500	0	30	100	500	ppm	10
ТМВ	Trimethylborate	9602-7510	0	300	500	1000	ppm	100
TMP	Trimethyl phosphite	9602-7800	0	6.0	30.0	50.0	ppm	2.0
N.41			Note:					

Minminimum settable rangeDefaultnominal (standard) range

Max maximum settable range

Alarm 2 Setting = 2 x Alarm 1 Setting Default and Alarm Settings are the standard values set ex factory.

8.3 K-Factors for Satellite XT C-Versions

Catalytic sensors are calibrated for methane. When monitoring for other combustible gases, a correction factor must be entered; consult our local representative.

8.4 Spares and Accessories

Part Number	Description
9602.0050.10.03	Mounting Rail Standard
9602.0050.10.02	Mounting Plate DIN-Rail, Option
9602.0051.10.02	Mounting Plate L-shaped with DIN-Rail, Option
9602.0090.00.01	Sensor Extension, 2 meters
9602.0091.00.01	Sensor Extension, 3 meters
9602.0092.00.01	Sensor Extension, 1 meter
9602.0093.00.01	Sensor Extension Combustible Gases, 2 meters
9602.0094.00.01	Sensor Extension Combustible Gases 3 meters
9602.0095.40.00	Calibration Cap
9630-0423	Junction Box for max. 2 nodes
9630-0424	Junction Box for max. 6 nodes
9630-0505	Junction Box 1 node /R-Version
9630-0231	3-wire shielded cable, 3x1.0 mm ² , 100 m coil
9902-4000	duct mounting saddle (assembly), 4 inches
9902-4010	duct mounting saddle (assembly), 6 inches
9902-4020	duct mounting saddle (assembly), 8 inches
9902-4030	duct mounting saddle (assembly), 10 inches
9902-4040	duct mounting saddle (assembly), 12 inches
9902-4100	duct mounting saddle (assembly), 1.5 inches
9902-4110	duct mounting saddle (assembly), 2 inches
9902-4120	duct mounting saddle (assembly), 2,5 inches
9902-4130	duct mounting saddle (assembly), 3 inches
9902-4200	duct mounting saddle (assembly), flat

9.1 Principle of Operation

The Extractive Module XT is an add-on module for use in combination with the Satellite XT. It enables for keeping hazardous, difficult to reach, or otherwise inaccessible areas under continuous surveillance. It is capable of sampling areas up to 50 m away. Power is supplied via the Satellite XT. Status information is provided by the Satellite XT that provides the digital interface as well.

The module contains a diagnosis for electronics and pump. The correct gas flow is factory set and saved in the instrument. If there is a problem with the Extractive Module XT, the display of the Satellite XT shows the fault message FAULT EXTRACTIVE. For information on fault messages and instructions on how to correct a fault condition, please refer to Section 7, Troubleshooting.

9.2 General Instructions

Listed hereafter several aspects that should be reflected when locating monitoring point and instrument. When placing the sampling point , the property (lighter or heavier than air) of the target gas must be considered. The instrument should be mounted as close to the monitoring location as possible to minimize sample transport time. The area immediately surrounding the sample inlet at the monitoring point must be free from objects that might hinder free flow of air. The instrument should be installed away from any possible liquid sources, extreme dust and dirt sources and should be protected against rain and sunlight.

The sample line should be run as direct as possible to improve transport time. Avoid running the sample line through areas of great temperature extremes. The sample outlet must be connected to an exhaust line and must be properly vented. Both, sample and exhaust tubing must not be crimped or placed in an area where weight could collapse the tubing.

Dust may be a result of construction as well as manufacturing activities. If unusual quantities of dust are expected at the monitoring location, an appropriate filter for the sample line must be installed. The use of a dust filter depends on the target gas, refer to the table Sensor Order Information in Section 8, Reference Information, or contact our service department.

As excess amounts of dirt in the filters will reduce the sample flow and will thus affect con centration readings of the instrument, make sure to regularly change sample line filters (every 1 to 6 months, depending on the ambient conditions). For order information refer to Section 8, Reference Information, Spares and Accessories.

Moisture may occur as rain entering a line at an outdoor sampling location or as condensation from outdoor-to-indoor temperature fluctuations. In case of unusual quantities of moisture, appropriate steps must be taken to protect the instrument; consult us for respective assistance.

9.3 Safety Instructions

Never use compressed air to clean the tubing while it is connected to the instrument.

Use isopropanol and a soft cloth to clean the housing. Do not use any aggressive detergents.

! Note:

To extend an existing Satellite XT to an extractive system, please contact our service department. This modification makes it necessary to open the housing of the Satellite XT, which is only allowed for authorized persons.

9.4 Instrument Design

Front View showing Extractive Module XT connected to Satellite XT.



Side View (left) A Exhaust Line - Outlet B Sensor Holder

C Sample Line - Gas Inlet

Side View (right) B Sensor Holder

- D Sensor Connection to Satellite XT
- E Connection Extractive Module XT and Satellite XT







Top View (only Extractive Module XT) A Exhaust Line - Outlet

- **B** Sensor Holder
- C Sample Line Gas Inlet
- D Sensor Connection to Satellite XT

Satellite XT 4-20 mA Versions

9-3

9.5 Mounting

The Extractive Module XT is prepared for DIN-rail mounting. An appropriate mounting rail is delivered with the instrument, which allows mounting the Extractive Module XT and the Satellite XT side by side.

Mount this rail to a wall with the appropriate fasteners and slide both modules onto it. Plug in male and female connector of Satellite XT and Extractive Module XT.



Module Connections

sample tubing.

sensor connection between Extractive Module XT and Satellite XT.

Data link and power supply.

9.6 Tubing Connections

Tubing material is PTFE or PFA with an outer diameter of 1/4" and an inner diameter of 3/16". Length and inner diameter of the sample line will affect the response time. Length of the sample lines should be kept as short as possible. With a sample line ID of 3/16" (4.7 mm) and a length of 10 m, the delay in response does not exceed 30 seconds.

Sample Line Inlet

The fitting for connecting the sample line inlet is located on top of the housing and marked "Gas Inlet". Improper installation of the sample inlet tube may result in dilution or even complete loss of the sample.

Exhaust Line Outlet

The fitting for connection of the exhaust line outlet is located on top of the instrument and marked "Outlet". Since hazardous gas concentrations may still be present at the exhaust line outlet, it is recommended to connect the exhaust line to an exhaust duct.

Note: If the pump is operated at the maximum sample line distance of 50 m, the maximum exhaust line length is 25 m to avoid flow failure due to back pressure in the pump.

Note: Do not apply power until the system is ready for start-up.

9.7 Sensor Replacement

This procedure is used to replace a depleted sensor by a fresh sensor. The replacement sensor must have the same part number as the installed sensor. Press the <esc> key on the Satellite XT keypad and enter the password to exit the Monitoring Mode. The green status LED of the Satellite XT is off, the instrument is not monitoring. A maintenance message is transmitted to the communication network.

Go to the Maintenance Menu and press the <set> key to enter. Go to the submenu Sensor Service and press the <set> key to enter. Follow the dialogue displayed at the bottom line of the screen - Figure 1.

Figure 1



<REMOVE SENSOR>

Unscrew the gland nut (F) to remove the sensor holder (B) from the flow adapter of the Extractive Module XT - Figure 2. Remove the installed sensor (G) -Figure 3. Press the <set> key to continue. Unpack the replacement sensor and remove shorting device from the sensor plug, where necessary.

<REPLACEMENT>

Insert the new sensor (G) into the socket inside the sensor holder, aligning nose of the socket, groove of the sensor, and the arrow printed on the sensor label -Figure 4.

Insert the sensor holder (B) with the replacement sensor installed into the flow adapter of the instrument and fasten the gland nut (F) - Figure 5. Press the <set> key to continue.

<LOAD NEW DATA ?>

If you want the data of the new sensor to be loaded, confirm this message by pressing the <set> key.

<LOADING DATA !>

The instrument is now loading the new data from the sensor into the unit's internal memory.

<SENSOR WARM-UP>

A sensor warm-up is performed and the display of the Satellite XT shows the according message, until the displayed value is zero. The warm-up time required depends on the type of sensor. After the sensor warm-up, the instrument will automatically switch to the Monitoring Mode.

The Sensor Service procedure is also described in Section 4, Maintenance.









9.8 Technical Specifications

Power Requirements		
voltage	power is provided by the s power supply range 18 - 2	Satellite XT, 24 VDC
consumption	max. 2.4 W	
Physical Dimensions		
size	78 x 95,5 x 50 mm	(W x H x D)
	3,1" x 3,8" x 2,0"	(W x H x D)
weight	500 g	
	17.6 oz	
Housing Protection Class	IP 30	
RFI / EMC	EN 50270	
Operating Conditions		
sample tubing	OD 1/4" ID 3/16" PTFE or	PFA
response time	< 30 sec. with a tubing ler	ngth of 10m
temperature	0 °C +40 °C	
	+32 °F +104 °F	
pressure	700 1300 hPa	
humidity	20 90 % r.h.	
Maximum negative pressure (at pump)	-150mbar	
Maximum sample line length	50 m (see note in section	9.6)
Recommended sample line length	10 m	
Part Number		
version for toxic/corrosive gases (except C_5F_8 and SF_6)	20404-0200	
version for combustible gases	20404-0250	
version for C5F8 and SF6	20404-0300	
Warning: Extractive Module 20404-0200 n Modules 20408-0110, 20408-0112 Extractive Module 20404-0300 n Modules 20408-0114 and 20408-	nust only be used with Py 2, 20408-0116 and 20408-0 nust only be used with Py 0120.	vrolyzer 0122. vrolyzer

10.1 Principle of Operation

The Pyrolyzer Module XT is an add-on module for monitoring gases requiring pyrolytic sample preparation for detectability. It requires both, a Satellite XT and an Extractive Module XT. The connected Satellite XT displays the module's status of operation and provides the digital interface.

Each instrument is only configured for monitoring the substance specified on the identification label. The instrument is delivered with a certain sensor installed. Reference for assignment of instrument and sensor is the serial number. These data are also documented in the Certificate of Quality Control provided with the shipment. Instrument and sensor have been gas calibrated and these specific calibration parameters are stored in the integrated data memory of sensor and instrument.

Make sure to use only sensors for the substance specified on the module's identification label. Use only sensors designed for use with the Pyrolyzer Module XT.

The Pyrolyzer Module XT is powered by a wide range power supply. The module contains a diagnosis for electronics and filament. The filament voltage is factory set and saved in the instrument. If there is a problem with the Pyrolyzer Module XT, the display of the Satellite XT reads FAULT PYROLYZER. Information on fault messages and instructions on how to correct a fault condition, are provided in Section 7, Troubleshooting.

10.2 General Instructions

Listed hereafter are several aspects that should be reflected when locating monitoring point and instrument. When placing the sampling point, the property (lighter or heavier than air) of the target gas must be considered. The instrument should be mounted as close to the monitoring location as possible to minimize sample transport time. The area immediately surrounding the sample inlet at the monitoring point must be free from objects that might hinder free flow of air. The instrument should be installed away from any possible liquid sources, extreme dust and dirt sources and should be protected against rain and sunlight.

The instrument must be mounted in an upright position. The ventilation apertures on top and rear of the the housing must not be covered. The instrument must be easily accessable for operation and there must be sufficient space above the instrument to allow sensor replacement or to open the housing for maintenance purposes.

The sample line should be run as direct as possible to improve transport time. Avoid running the sample line through areas of great temperature extremes. The sample outlet must be connected to an exhaust line and must be properly vented. Both, sample and exhaust tubing must not be crimped or placed in an area where weight could collapse the tubing.

10.3 Safety Instructions

Always disconnect the Pyrolyzer Module XT from mains power before you open the housing.

The vents on top and rear of the instrument must not be covered. Do not enter any tapered or sharp items into the vents.

Use isopropanol and a soft cloth to clean the housing. Do not use any aggressive detergents.

Never use compressed air to clean the tubing when connected to the instrument. This will destroy the internal pressure switch.

WARNING: The Pyrolyzer Module XT will not respond to the target gas in conditions of less than 20 % r.h. Observe the specified operating conditions for humidity.

Figure 2: Front view of the complete assembly

Pyrolyzer Module, Extractive Module, and Satellite XT.

10.4 Instrument Design

The Pyrolyzer Module XT can only be operated in combination with the Satellite XT and the Extractive Module XT. All three modules are prepared for DIN-rail assembly.





MST Extractive

Figure 3: Top View of the complete assembly



B Sensor Holder

F Sample Line - Inlet

G Vent

- H Sample Line connection to Extractive Module XT
- J DIN-rail
- K Data Link Pyrolyzer Module XT to Extractive Module XT

L Power Fitting

M Adapter for DIN-rail

10.5 Mounting

The Pyrolyzer Module XT is prepared for DIN-rail assembly. An appropriate mounting rail is delivered with the instrument. Mount this rail to a flat surface with the appropriate fasteners.

When the rail is mounted, follow the steps below:

1. Slide the Pyrolyzer Module XT onto the rail mounted to the wall, see Figure 4.



- 2. Slide the Extractive Module XT onto the rail at the front of the Pyrolyzer Module XT, see Figure 5.
- 3. Slide the Satellite XT onto the rail at the front of the Pyrolyzer Module XT, as illustrated in Figure 5.
- 4. Plug in male and female connector of Satellite XT and Extractive Module XT.

See also Section 9, Extractive Module XT Installation.



10.6 Tubing Connections

Tubing material is PTFE or PFA with an outer diameter of 1/4" and an inner diameter of 3/16". Length and inner diameter of the sample line will affect the response time. Length of the sample lines should be kept as short as possible. With a sample line ID of 3/16" (4.7 mm) and a length of 10 m, the delay in response does not exceed 30 seconds.

Moisture may occur either as rain entering a line at an outdoor sampling location or as condensation from outdoor-to-indoor temperature fluctuations. In case of unusual quantities of moisture, appropriate steps must be taken to protect the instrument; consult us for respective assistance.

Sample Line Inlet

The fitting for connecting the sample line inlet is located on top of the housing and marked "Inlet". Improper installation of the sample inlet tube may result in dilution or even complete loss of sample.

Sample Line Filter

Dust may be a result of construction as well as manufacturing activities. If unusual quantities of dust are expected at the monitoring location, an appropriate filter for the sample line must be installed. The use of a dust filter depends on the target gas, refer to the table Sensor Order Information in Section 8, Reference Information, or contact our service department. As excess amounts of dirt in the filters will reduce the sample flow and will thus affect concentration readings of the instrument, make sure to regularly change sample line filters (every 1 to 6 months, depending on the ambient conditions). For order information refer to Section 8, Reference Information, Spares and Accessories.

Module Connections

sample tubing.

sensor connection between Extractive Module XT and Satellite XT.

data link connecting Pyrolyzer Module XT and Extractive Module XT / Satellite XT.

10.7 Data Link

Plug the cable (pictured green) from the bottom plate of the Pyrolyzer Module into the connector in the bottom of the Extractive Module XT.

10.8 Power Connection

Use a standard power cable (obey any local regulations) and bring it through the power cable fitting into the module. Open the module from the top and connect





On the underside of the Extractive Module XT is the interconnection to the Pyrolyzer Module XT, and next to it, two small holes which gives access to two pushbuttons. The left hand button will increase the flow, and the right hand button will decrease it.

The adjustment is required as the internal flow resistance is different to the other types of the Pyrolyzer Module XT and this resistance would damage the Extractive Module XT.

Flowmeter

10.9 Technical Specifications

Power requirements	
Voltage	90 240 VAC
Consumption	approx. 22 W / 2.13 A
Physical dimensions	
Size:	223 x 97 x 100 mm (W x H x D) 8,8" x 3,8" x 3,9" (W x H x D)
Weight:	1800 g
	4 lbs
Housing Protection Class	IP 30
RFI / EMC	EN 50270
	EN 61010-1
Operating Conditions	
Sample tubing	OD 1/4" ID 3/16"
Response time	< 30 sec. with a tubing length of 10m
Temperature	0 °C +40 °C
	+32 °F +104 °F
Pressure	700 1300 hPa
Humidity	20 90 % r.h.
Note: For applications where the humidity is using the MST Sample Conditioning Sy 20408-4010.	less than 20 % r.h., consider stem - Humidifier, part number
Minimum Oxygen content of sample	3 %v/v
Part Numbers	
Pyrolyzer Module XT NF3	20408-0110

Pyrolyzer Module XT 1,2-DCE	20408-0112
Pyrolyzer Module XT SF6	20408-0114
Pyrolyzer Module XT CH3F	20408-0116
Pyrolyzer Module XT C5F8	20408-0120
Pyrolyzer Module XT C4F6	20408-0122

Warning:

Pyrolyzer Modules 20408-0110, 20408-0112, 20408-0116 and 20408-0122 must only be used with Extractive Module 20404-0200. Pyrolyzer Modules 20408-0114 and 20408-0120 must only be used with Extractive Module 20404-0300. Find out more

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